Unifying the Annotations in Turkic Universal Dependencies Treebanks

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Standardizing annotations in Universal Dependencies (UD) [1] treebanks of Turkic languages.

Introduction

- Treebanks in UD keep growing in number
- Annotation consistency becomes even more important [2]
- 16 treebanks in 8 Turkic languages, 9 in Turkish
- Earlier studies reported consistency issues in Turkic treebanks [3]
- This work started with a workshop (UDTW23, see below) [4]

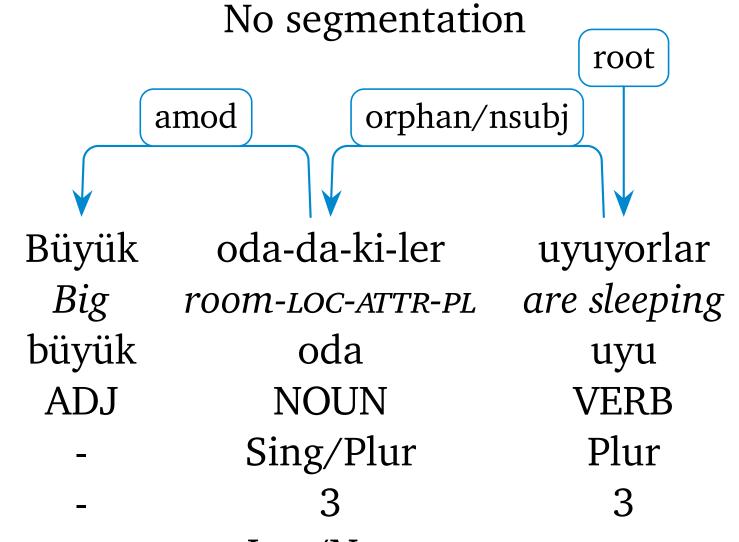
- Tokenization

Main source of **tokenization** inconsistency is delineating 'syntactic words'

- Morph. feature specification Many camel-case **tense/mood** tags used inconsistently that should be unified, e.g. GenNecPot 'general necessitative potential'
- Oblique/object distinction Non-accusative objects annotated inconsistently:
- obl (**oblique**), based on assessment of event structure • obj (**object**), based on morphological/syntactic tests

- Pronominalized nouns

- Turkic languages have pronominal uses of locative and genitive nouns
- We can imagine 4 different ways of annotation



Loc/Nom

"The ones in the big room are sleeping" (tur). Lines below the glosses are for 'Lemma', 'POS', 'Number', 'Person', and 'Case', respectively.

- Workshop served as an important catalyst to foster discussions required to identify and formulate issues on annotation of Turkic languages and developing recommendations for a uniform annotation approach
- Regular discussions *still* ongoing
- Next step: discuss all issues in continued meetings with examples from treebanks to reach a collective unification recommendation
- Eventual goal: write a comprehensive paper detailing issues and decisions to document group's position
- Study at hand expected to improve overall quality of

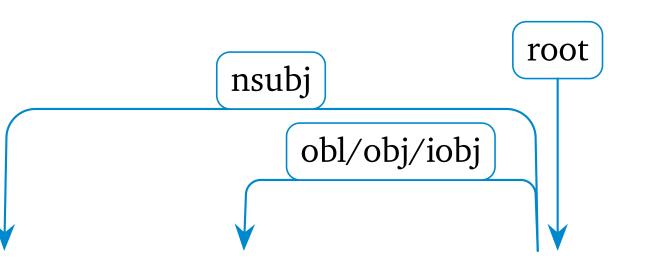
- Aim: unifying annotations in Turkic treebanks
- Current discussion expected to increase consistency throughout

UDTW23

(UD Turkic Workshop 2023)

- One-day workshop in September 2023 (hybrid) in Istanbul co-located with WG3 meeting
- Beforehand, participants asked to list issues they want to discuss
- 20 exemplary sentences prepared based on issues listed [5]
- Issues discussed through examples since workshop in

(object promotion in passivisation) • iobj also a possibility



Мен	дос-ум-а	ишен-ди-м
Ι	friend-poss.1st-dat	believe-pst-1sg
мен	дос	ишен
PRON	NOUN	VERB
-	Dat	-
_	_	Indir

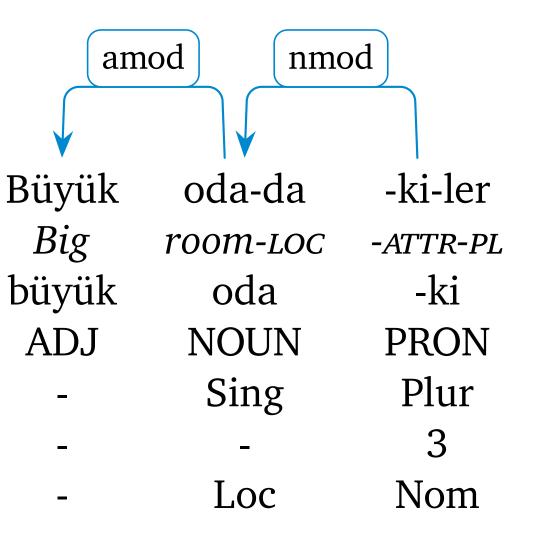
"I believed my friend" (kir). Lines below the glosses are for 'Lemma', 'POS', 'Case', and 'Subcat', respectively.

- Question particle

uyu-yor-sun uyu-yor mu-sun sleep-prog-p2.sg / sleep-prog Q-p2.sg "You're sleeping"/"Are you sleeping" (tur)

- one node for two semantic items
- multiple Number and Case features
- Number agreement mismatch
- orphan relation uninformative, nsubj relation misleading

Segmenting before -ki



- linguistically inaccurate: -ki has attributive function, is not PRON lemma

treebanks and guidelines of UD

References

[1] universaldependencies.org Universalising Latin Universal Dependencies, Gamba et al., 2023. An assessment of Universal Dependency annotation guidelines for Turkic languages, Tyers et al., 2017. [4] ud-turkic.github.io/udtw23 github.com/ud-turkic/udtw23/wiki/ selected-20-turkish-sentences

Acknowledgements

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regular meetings

Information



github.com/ud-turkic \mathbf{O}

Relevant UniDive working groups WG1, WG3, and WG4

- Can be seen as an *infix*, separated by a space
- Annotations differ on tokenization and assigned POS

- Code switching Common within Turkic-speaking multilingual communities, with its own challenges in annotation

- Transcription

Coexisting mainstream schemes challenge unified treatment of Translit of MISC attributes

- Segmenting after -ki amod nmod oda-da-ki Büyük -ler Big room-loc-attr -PL büyük oda NOUN PRON ADJ Plur Sing Loc Nom
- empty lemma
- empty form when no suffixes

towards a unified annotation of Turkic UD treebanks possible.

